

eeding necessitous school children  
 ancillor explained that the totaj  
 or the various purposes detailed in  
 h would amount to £9,200,000, of  
 otland would receive £1,265,000  
 and £630,000 in the first full year.  
 me the all-important question of the  
 nd means of raising the money

Accordingly chief interest  
 to the re-arrangement of the  
 Tax impost. As might have been  
 1 Mr. Lloyd George throws further  
 on the rich, which, no doubt, may  
 ded as a popular policy, and one  
 ill commend itself to Radical  
 es. The wisdom of the proposal is,  
 r, quite another matter from the  
 view of trade and commerce. The  
 incomes up to £1,000 are to remain  
 ged, but there are to be graduated  
 where the income exceeds this  
 Thus those earning between £1,000  
 ,500 will be called upon to pay a  
 10d. in the pound. Between that  
 and £2,000 the tax will  
 shilling. Between £2,000 and  
 it will be fourteen pence,  
 tween £2,500 and £3,000 sixteen  
 The allowance of 7s 6d for each  
 mitted hitherto is to be doubled.  
 s from foreign investments are to be  
 into the Exchequer net. Death  
 ne to be increased by one per cent  
 estates of between £60,000 and  
 00, and this process is to be continued  
 maximum of 20 per cent is reached.  
 yd George proposes that the super  
 it should be lowered from £5,000 to  
 ; that the first £2,500 should be  
 and to charge 5d on the next £500,  
 the next £1,000, 9d on the next, 10d  
 next, 1s 3d on the next, and 1s 4d  
 remainder. "What Mr Lloyd  
 openly sets before the Nation," says  
 Daily Telegraph," "is a system of  
 ing new and numerous benefits for  
 rt of the community entirely at the  
 e of another."

**CIPAL OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION.**

A large house at the Theatre Royal last evening enjoyed a varied and very attractive picture programme. It included Punchestown and the Carragh races; an Essanay Drama, "The Cast of the Die," and "Steel," a thrilling colour drama. These will also be shown to-night, together with other features. An entire change on Wednesday is announced.

Lovers of comedy will enjoy a rare treat on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday (there being a matinee on the latter day), when Mr Arthur Hare and his London Company will appear in Hubert Henry Davies celebrated comedy "The Mollusc." It contains most amusing situations, and should attract bumper houses. The play ran with great success in London, where Sir Charles Wyndham produced it for over 300 performances at the Criterion Theatre.

**DEATH OF MR. M. FITZMAURICE.**

We regret to announce the death of Mr. Morgan Fitzmaurice, which took place at an early hour this morning, at his residence Harbour View Terrace. Mr. Fitzmaurice, who had reached an advanced age, had been ailing for some time, and his death was not unexpected. His early years were devoted to the sea, and in 1871 he was appointed Harbour Master of the Port, a position he held until 1902, when he retired on a well merited pension. As an official of the Harbour Commissioners he discharged his duties conscientiously, and in a manner that gave satisfaction to his employers, and to those trading with the port. He was a kind hearted man, generous in his opinions, and his death has evoked wide expressions of sympathy for his family. The remains will be removed to St Michael's R.C. Church at 7 o'clock to-morrow evening. The funeral takes place on Thursday at 2 o'clock.

**DEATH IN A CHURCH.**

While at prayers yesterday forenoon in the Redemptorist Church, Mr James Mulcahy, of County View Terrace, took ill and died all but immediately. The deceased, who was upwards of 72 years of age, and had served in the army, was removed to his late home in the Fire Brigade ambulance.

**THE ATHENÆUM.**

There were two large audiences at the Athenæum last night to enjoy the excellent programme provided by the management of this popular house. Foremost place in the menu was given to a dramatic subject entitled "An Equine Hero" in which bandits play an important part. The marshalling of the National Volunteers in the city on Sunday week en route for Killaloe was shown, and excited much interest. A very fine scenic designated "The Sunny Side of Ireland" was also screened, while the other subjects included a variety of comic pictures of merit.

**KERRY DROWNING MYSTERY.**

Listowel, Monday.  
 This morning the body of a bootmaker named John Kiely was found by a man named William Doyle in the river Feale, at Listowel, close to the bridge leading to the racecourse. It is not known how the deceased got into the water, but some light may be thrown on that point at the inquest which will probably be held. Much sympathy is

burden was theirs. In the circuit not surprising that many of these of Parliament were more or less duties there would be wholesale many quarters, and for that reason had to acquiesce in the practical of municipal activities in many regions lack of financial resources.

**THE HOUSING PROBLEM**

was not cleared up, not because plenty of Acts of Parliament, but was no money for clearing out slums was another problem which in assistance to local authorities. suggested that this was an inconvenient dealing with the question, but even an inconvenient session for deal convenient question. He thought no more inconvenient than any of delay meant that the nation must be able injury. Merely to ladle out coffers of the local authorities, hauling the system of local taxation thoroughly vicious proposal. In test of the contribution according pay, he found that a workman would 5 per cent. of his income to the man with private means paid provincial tradesman contributed a London tradesman about 13 per cent. The reason was that

**THE BASIS OF TAXATION NARROW.**

The burden of local rates was not and evenly, and that was why communities could bear their parts they were more equally distributed parts of towns and cities were more burdened than the richer parts. Contributions from the Exchequer had less in proportion to the magnitude of the local areas. The Agricultural Act had itself created a new Government did not propose to act of the reports of the different Com had considered the problem. The the conclusion that further aid, aid, from the Exchequer was imperative to save municipalities from They thought a national system of local taxation must be set up. that it should be a valuation and the real value of property, and separate the site from the improvement they intended that the taxation should henceforth form an integral system of local taxation. Instead the grants must bear a direct expenditure, and the present system revenue would be abolished, and include the Agricultural Rates Grant and most important stipulation Government would insist on the service as a condition of the receipt. The first necessary amendment of be the abolition of the system of assessment. The only exception to that was the ment proposed still to arrange authorities for the collection of duties, such as dog licences. With

**THE POOR LAW**

they proposed to adopt the majority of the Kemp Committee, was in the first full year the grant from Exchequer would be £3,615,000 in Wales. They propose Imperial one-half the total net expenditure. That would amount to £3,400,000 year. Roads would be divided in